

Note: the Preface/Preamble of the [AmericaAgain!](#) Declaration is omitted here.

America Again! - Legislative Plan

(Modified in order of estimated "Easiest Execution First" as of 6-6-2017 by Dick Anderson with notes in RED)

Please note that there are 4 primary issues:

the [Bring Congress Home Act \(#25\)](#), is the Most Important of all these, followed by [The Constitutional Courts Act \(#9, 12, 22 & 29\)](#), [The Secure Borders Act \(#1\)](#) and [The Return of Sovereign Lands Act \(#28\)](#).

Most of these will NOT be easy, and each will probably require passage of all the prior Acts enumerated here to bring the understanding of Freedom & our Constitution to *We The People* and lead up to these monumental actions.

After our long failure to perform our citizen duties, bearing the cost of our abdication on every hand, We the People of these fifty united States intend to lawfully, peacefully begin enforcing the Constitution in each of the 435 U.S. House districts and in each of our 50 States against its violation by our U.S. congressmen and senators, effecting such law enforcement through local AmericaAgain! members singly and statewide in a mechanism called the AmericaAgain! Indictment Engine™.

We the People hereby announce our intention to draft, refine, and push through the passage of the following Legislative Action projects. As a plea-bargaining package offered to any member of Congress criminally indicted using the AmericaAgain! Indictment Engine™, or as an immunity package for those who have not yet been targeted, We The People will demand that members of the U.S. House of Representatives and the U.S. Senate agree in writing to do the following:

1)-(see 16, ref. 20, was #12) Enact the **Secure Borders Act**, stipulating:
(#4a of the 4 primary issues)

Section 1. Each citizen of these United States has an inalienable right to defend his own life, liberty, and private property.

Section 4. To aid in its duty per Clause 15, Congress shall provide for immediately constructing a secure border wall or fence, with reasonable alternatives employed for riverine sections of the U.S.-Mexico border, and Congress shall waive environmental, regulatory, and bureaucratic requirements such that the border fence project shall avoid the time and cost overruns common to federal government projects.

Section 5. Congress shall provide for an increase in border federal troop strength, airborne assets, and electronic detection as to furnish a demonstrably effective impediment to illegal crossing by any means.

Section 7. Congress shall immediately discontinue and defund all agencies, bureaus, policies and programs that in any way encourage, facilitate, or appear to support illegal immigration.

2) (was #10) Enact **Senate Joint Resolution 6** of the 111th Congress into statute,

Section 1, End the illegal alien 'anchor baby' practice. A child born to anyone not legally in the USA is not a citizen.

Section 2, Define 'Natural Born Citizen', once and for all, as defined in The Law of Nations (Vattel Bk-1, Chap 19 #212) as "a child born of parents, whose father and mother are both Citizens of the USA at the time of birth."

(NOTE: There remains some question as to whether both parents or only the father should be specified,)

3) (was #8) Enact the **Internet Liberty Act**, stipulating:

Section 1. It shall be a federal felony for any individual or group within federal government who – unilaterally or with other individuals, groups, organizations, or foreign governments – disables or censors the Internet so that it becomes inaccessible to the average computer or other Internet device in these sovereign States.

Section 2. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

4) (was #5) Enact the *Clean Bill Act*, stipulating:

Section 1. All bills passing out of any committee in Congress shall treat only the subject found in the title of the bill, and shall not exceed 50 pages, single-sided, double-spaced, 12-point type.

Section 2. No committee shall add any amendment, rider, or earmark or authorize any agency, bureau, department, expenditure, office, power, program, or regulation that cannot be demonstrated is directly entailed in the subject and title of the bill.

5) (was #14) Enact the *American Sovereignty Restoration Act* of 2009 (H.R. 1146) of the first session of the 111th Congress, and stipulating:

Section 1. Federal funding of the United Nations shall cease within 36 months of the passage of this legislation.

Section 2. Any further funding of United Nations operations, and/or any continued concessions, variances, and immunities for United Nations diplomats shall be the responsibility of the City of New York or of the New York State Legislature.

Section 3. Should Congress be advised by an overwhelming number of the American People that they wish to continue federally funding the United Nations, Congress will propose this function in the form of specific, single-purpose legislation or as an Amendment to the U.S. Constitution for ratification by three-fourths of the legislatures of the sovereign States.

6) (see 14, was #19) Enact the *Congressional Anti-Corruption Act*, providing as follows:

Section 2. No incumbent or former member of Congress may lobby Congress on behalf of any domestic interest for a period of five years after leaving Congress, or on behalf of any foreign interest, for life.

Section 3. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

7) (was #4) Enact the *Religious Treason Act*, outlawing religious laws or seditious activities in the name of any foreign religion, state, or legal system operating within these United States, providing as follows:

Section 1. It shall be a federal offense for any elected or appointed U.S. federal public servant to travel to a foreign country with such travel funded by a foreign government or by a foreign or domestic private foundation or lobbying organization on behalf of any foreign country, people, or religion.

Section 2. Every lobbying group for any foreign country or religious cause – specifically any lobbying organization for Israel or any Islamic state – is required to register within 180 days of passage of this legislation, under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938.

Section 3. Every applicant for U.S. naturalization shall be required to swear under oath his or her full allegiance to these United States of America, their laws, and their security interests.

Section 4. It shall be a federal offense for any educational or religious institution, public or private, to promote or incite violence, war, or a foreign code of law on the basis of any religious teaching, tradition, law, or on any other basis than the security interests of these United States of America.

Section 5. All individuals including American nationals, immigrants, resident aliens, and foreign diplomats, and all institutions within these United States found in violation of this law shall receive a warning and fine for the first infraction. Further offense(s) shall be subject to forfeiture of the individual's U.S. visa, indictment for treason or sedition, and seizure of assets held within these United States.

Section 6. Upon the first instance of an individual or group associated with a foreign religious or legal system, discharging in any of these United States a nuclear, chemical, or biological device capable of inflicting mass casualties: all U.S.-based land, buildings, training facilities, bank accounts, and other assets of said religious or legal system shall be seized and where applicable, destroyed.

Section 7. Upon the first instance in any of these United States of attempted murder by conventional explosive or mass attack (three or more victims) by any individual or group associated with, or on behalf of, a religious belief or legal system, using any potentially lethal object (firearm, knife or vehicle) there shall issue a nationwide warning of a ban on all gatherings in, or use of, any and all facilities affiliated with said religious belief system within these United States.

Section 8. Upon the second instance in any of these United States of attempted murder by conventional explosive or mass attack (three or more victims) by any individual or group associated with, or on behalf of, a religious belief or legal system, using any potentially lethal object (firearm, knife or vehicle) there shall issue a ban throughout these United States on all gatherings in, or use of, any and all facilities affiliated with said religious system within these United States.

Section 9. Upon the third instance in any of these United States of attempted murder by conventional explosive or mass attack (three or more victims) by any individual or group associated with, or on behalf of, a religious belief or legal system, using any potentially lethal object (firearm, knife or vehicle), all property and other assets held by or in favor of, said religious system within these United States shall be seized and where applicable destroyed, and willful adherence to said system of belief or law within these United States shall thereafter be classified as sedition and treason.

Section 10. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

8) (was #17) Enact the *Honest Elections Act*, stipulating:

Section 1. To decrease occurrences and ease of election fraud, computerized voting in federal elections shall be illegal, and only paper ballots shall be used.

Section 2. Ballots shall remain in the control of each precinct elections committee until counted and posted in said precinct for public review.

Section 3. Ballots for federal elections shall not be destroyed while a given election remains in dispute.

Section 4. All election staff **for federal elections** shall require photo identification to certify the citizen's identity prior to issuing a ballot.

Section 5. Voter registration rolls shall be maintained such that all persons (former voters) in a district who are known to be deceased shall be cleared from the district voter registry, and all persons (former voters) who no longer reside in a precinct shall be cleared from the precinct voter registry.

Section 6. All persons rendered ineligible to vote due to felony conviction or unlawful immigration status, shall be cleared from the applicable voter registry. If attempting to vote while ineligible, such persons shall be subject to immediate prosecution for attempted voter fraud or deportation.

Section 7. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

9) (see 12,22 & 29, was #2) Enact the **Constitutional Courts Act**, stipulating:
(#2a of the 4 primary issues)

Section 1. The American People stipulated in Article III, Section 2, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution, that the U.S. supreme Court, "shall have appellate jurisdiction...with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make". Congress hereby excludes from federal court jurisdiction any and all cases involving:

- a. Taking of human life, from the point of conception onwards;
- b. Human sexual practices or the institution of marriage;
- e. Any foreign law-code proposed or attempted within these United States or any of them;

10) (see 13 & 18, was #15) Enact the **Constitutional Supremacy Act**, assuring the sovereignty of the American People and States, stipulating:

Section 1. No provision of a treaty or agreement, public or secret, conflicting with this Constitution or not made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme Law of the Land or be of general force or effect.

Section 2. No provision of a treaty or other international agreement shall become effective as internal law in the United States until it is enacted through legislation in Congress acting within its constitutionally enumerated powers.

Section 3. No Continuity of Government (COG) order may contravene, suspend or violate the U.S. Constitution in any particular.

Section 4. Per Article III, Section 2, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution, Congress hereby stipulates as an Exception that no federal court shall have jurisdiction in any matter arising under this Act. **(The Fox cannot judge himself)**

Section 5. Any vote regarding advice and consent to ratification of a treaty shall be determined by yeas and nays and names of all persons voting for and against shall be entered in the Journal of the Senate.

Section 6. It shall be a federal felony for any individual or group to engage in or to materially support actions that threaten the legal or financial sovereignty of any of the sovereign States of America without the knowledge and consent of the legislature of each and every State whose citizens would be affected, regardless whether such action may formally constitute treason.

11) (was #7) Enact the **Citizens' Privacy Act**, stipulating:

Section 1. The American people's own persons, houses, papers, telephone, email, and other communications, vehicles and effects shall be free from any and all government surveillance, collection, seizure, storage, or detainment unless preceded by issuance of a specific, bona fide judicial warrant issued upon probable cause, as stipulated in the Fourth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

Section 2. With the benefit of the doubt accruing to the citizen, any portion of the FISA, RFP, USA Patriot Act, NDAA, and Intelligence Authorization Act of 2004 or any similar legislation presently in effect that violates the Fourth Amendment, are hereby repealed.

Section 3. Congress shall bear responsibility and accountability to the American People to assure that any operations of the FBI, NSA, CIA, or any other federal intelligence agency shall scrupulously refrain from infringing on the due process of law, privacy and freedom of speech and expression of any American citizen, whether residing in any of the 50 sovereign States or residing temporarily overseas.

Section 4. It shall be a federal felony for any individual or federal entity to engage in any optical, electronic, airborne, or satellite surveillance, collection, seizure, storage, detainment, tracing, or tracking of any American citizen, his property, or his communications until a judicial warrant is issued upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation and particularly describing the place, items, or data to be searched and persons or things to be seized.

Section 5. No visa of an American citizen seeking to return to one of the 50 sovereign States, shall be revoked without due process of law.

Section 6. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

12) (see 9, 22 & 29, was #2) Add to the **Constitutional Courts Act**, stipulating:
(#2b of the 4 primary issues)

Section 1. The American People stipulated in Article III, Section 2, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution, that the U.S. supreme Court, "shall have appellate jurisdiction...with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make". Congress hereby excludes from federal court jurisdiction any and all cases involving:

d. Education;

13) (see 10 & 18, was 15) Add to the **Constitutional Supremacy Act**, assuring the sovereignty of the American People and States, stipulating:

Section 7. Within 12 months from passage of this Act, Congress shall cease all foreign aid of a military nature to any government, regime, entity, or individual.

14) (see 6, was #19) Add to the **Congressional Anti-Corruption Act**, providing as follows:

Section 1. SEC insider trading rules shall apply to members of Congress. It shall be a federal crime for a member of Congress, directly or through proxies, trusts, or other entities, to purchase or sell stock in any company materially affected by legislation of which the member of Congress may be reasonably expected to have knowledge.

15) (see 24, was #22) Enact the **Federal Pork Sunset Act**, providing as follows:

For Fiscal Year 2015, federal government will dole out \$700 billion in illicit funds to the States, counties, and cities across our republic. The long tradition of such 'pork' projects with strings attached has perverted the citizen's view of his place atop the Constitution's hierarchy and allowed Washington D.C. organized crime to assume the role of benevolent master, with the sovereign States and cities as so many piglets at sow-teats. This criminogenic arrangement has rendered our local, county and State public servants willing to do whatever they must, to receive their share of funds (originating from the people themselves) from countless unaccountable, largely invisible federal agencies. This criminal activity must end.

Section 1. All revenues sent by federal government as grants to States and their subdivisions shall be remitted as a single block grant to each State, with no federal conditions attached, i.e., the States having liberty to determine all uses of said funds.

16) (see 1, ref. 20, was #12) Add to the **Secure Borders Act**, stipulating: (Empower the Citizen Militia) (#4b of the 4 primary issues)

Section 2. Attending that right (Each citizen of these United States has an inalienable right to defend his own life, liberty, and private property.) is the duty stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, for Citizen Militia to “execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections, and repel Invasions”.

Section 3. Congress hereby acknowledges each border State’s legislature’s special right and duty stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 16, to appoint the officers and train the Militia of that State.

Section 6. Congress shall coordinate this effort with the legislatures and their duly authorized Citizen Militia (where applicable) of the sovereign States of California, Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas, and shall accept all reasonable aid and alliance with said legislatures along their own sovereign borders, to timely construct said wall and/or fence.

Section 8. As the Islamic belief system is well established over decades to be a militant and terrorist organization as well as a purported religious system, Congress will assure that any individual shall be barred from immigration who is reasonably believed to adhere to sharia law and/or the Islamic belief system, regardless of whether the aspiring immigrant’s domicile of origin is an officially Islamic state.

Section 9. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

17) (was #11) Enact the **Non-Conscription Act**, stipulating: (End the military draft)

Section 1. Neither Congress nor any president or federal court has the power to conscript Americans of any age into involuntary national service or servitude of any kind.

Section 2. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

18) (see 10 & 13, was #15) Add more to the **Constitutional Supremacy Act**, assuring the sovereignty of the American People and States, stipulating:

Section 8. Within 24 months from passage of this Act, Congress shall cease all foreign aid of a non-military nature to any government, regime, entity, or individual. Said aid shall be immediately reduced by 33% for the first 12 months and by 66% for the second 12 months.

19) (was #16) Enact the **Lawful Wars Act**, reiterating Congress’ duty to declare wars, (? Can the President, as Commander in Chief, react alone to a hostile action against the USA or any of its allies?)

Repealing the War Powers Resolution of 1973 and barring any administration from initiating foreign hostilities or mobilizing U.S. military without a Declaration of War; requiring Congress to assure that such mobilization or hostilities are necessary to defend against a demonstrable threat to these United States of America.

20) (see 15, ref. 16, was #18) Enact the **Minuteman Act**, pursuant to Congress’s power to “Provide for ... arming ... the Militia” in the U.S. Constitution, providing: (Repeal all Gun Control Acts)

Section 1. The National Firearms Act of 1934, Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, the Gun Control Act of 1968, the Firearm Owners Protection Act of 1986, and the Brady Handgun Violation Prevention Act of 1993 are hereby repealed.

Section 2. No statute, regulation, executive order, or other directive with the purported force of law of federal government, present or future, or that of any State or subdivision thereof, shall infringe on or burden the right of any citizen of, or legal resident alien in, any State who is eligible for membership in that State's Militia to purchase, own, possess, transport, or sell, whether interstate or intrastate, any firearm, ammunition, or related accoutrements suitable for service in a Militia as that term is used in the U.S. Constitution.

Section 3. No statute, regulation, executive order, or other directive with the purported force of law of federal government, present or future, shall infringe on or burden, except on the same terms as apply to any other business, the right of any person to engage in the commercial design, manufacture, repair, sale and distribution, or other trade or occupation involving firearms, ammunition, and Militia accoutrements.

Section 4. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions and subdivisions.

21) (was #13) *Repeal the 17th Amendment.* State sovereignty and Senate accountability will be restored by having the Senators chosen by their respective State Legislatures instead of by Popular Vote.

22) (see 9, 12 & 29 was #2) Add more to the Constitutional Courts Act, stipulating:
(#2c of the 4 primary issues)

Section 1. The American People stipulated in Article III, Section 2, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution, that the U.S. supreme Court, "shall have appellate jurisdiction...with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make". Congress hereby excludes from federal court jurisdiction any and all cases involving:

c. Healthcare;

Section 2. In Article III, Section 1 of the U.S. Constitution, the People stipulate that the "judicial Power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish"; therefore within 12 months of passage of this Act:

- a. No 'administrative law' tribunal in these United States shall bind the citizen in any way;
- b. No administrative adjudicator shall be referred to as 'judge';
- c. No administrative tribunal shall be referred to, or refer to itself, as 'court'; and
- d. No administrative process or tribunal shall describe its processes in terms such as 'order', 'subpoena', 'warrant', or 'the record', which are reserved for constitutional judiciary.

Section 3. Pursuant to provisions of Section 2(d) above and the proposed Return of Sovereign Lands Act, 24 months after enactment of this legislation and thereafter, it shall be a federal felony for any agency, agent, bureau, department, officer, contractor or other representative of the government of these United States of America to claim, own, maintain or operate a purported U.S. court or detention facility that is not located within the land or property stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 17 of the U.S. Constitution.

Section 4. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement action within their respective jurisdictions.

23) (was #20) Enact the **Non-Enumerated Powers Sunset Act**, providing as follows:

Eliminate the EPA etc.

Section 1. Congress hereby acknowledges as unconstitutional, any and all past enactment of legislation or regulations, consent to treaties, or provision of federal funds applied to executive orders that confer on federal government any power not specifically enumerated in the U.S. Constitution or reasonably inferred from the powers enumerated, notwithstanding past creative interpretations applied by Congress and presidents to the terms 'interstate commerce', 'general welfare', and 'necessary and proper'.

Section 2. Congress hereby acknowledges that federal government lethal or non-lethal aid to any foreign individual, group, or government is a violation of the U.S. Constitution.

Section 3. Prior to being funded or observed for any future fiscal year, any federal budget item whether executive or legislative – whether an agency, bureau, department, office, power, program, or regulation, service branch, executive order or treaty – must be accompanied by proof that it falls within a specifically enumerated power in Article I Section 8 or Article II Section 2 of the U.S. Constitution or a duly ratified Amendment thereto, or shall be suspended and public funding cease at the end of that fiscal year.

Section 4. The functions of federal government were enumerated so as to limit the reach and power of the federal servant, such that it should never be considered either the master or the provider of the People. Any agency, bureau, department, office, power, program, or regulation not specifically enumerated in the U.S. Constitution or being an unambiguously 'necessary and proper' adjunct to the powers enumerated, must be ratified as a constitutional amendment adhering to Article V of the U.S. Constitution. No such agency, bureau, department, office, power, program, or regulation shall be added to others in an omnibus amendment, but each and every such agency, bureau, entity, or program not enumerated in Article I, Section 8 but requiring application of public funds, shall be proposed as a discrete amendment.

24) (see 15, was #22) Modify the **Federal Pork Sunset Act**, providing as follows:

For Fiscal Year 2015, federal government will dole out \$700 billion in illicit funds to the States, counties, and cities across our republic. The long tradition of such 'pork' projects with strings attached has perverted the citizen's view of his place atop the Constitution's hierarchy and allowed Washington D.C. organized crime to assume the role of benevolent master, with the sovereign States and cities as so many piglets at sow-teats. This criminogenic arrangement has rendered our local, county and State public servants willing to do whatever they must, to receive their share of funds (originating from the people themselves) from countless unaccountable, largely invisible federal agencies. This criminal activity must end.

Section 1. For three (3) fiscal years after passage of this change to the Act, all revenues sent by federal government as grants to States and their subdivisions shall **continue to** be remitted as a single block grant to each State, with no federal conditions attached, i.e., the States having liberty to determine all uses of said funds.

Section 2. Commencing on the first day of the fourth fiscal year after the date of passage of this modification of the Act, any federal grant to any State or subdivision thereof, shall be a federal felony.

25) (was #1) Enact the **Bring Congress Home Act**, or 'BCHA', stipulating:

(#1 of the 4 primary issues) (Increase number of House members, make them accountable to The People and stop DC corruption by removing them from DC and making their offices in their home Districts)

Whereas a general principle of constitutional law in these United States holds that no legislature can bind a subsequent one; and whereas the Apportionment Act of 1929 set a totally arbitrary 435-district limit to the U.S. House of Representatives in clear violation of the intention of Article I, Section 2, Clause 4 and also in clear contravention of the original first Article in the Bill of Rights as passed by the first Congress and sent to the States; and whereas a sufficient number of States have ratified that amendment and it has been recorded as the 28th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution; and whereas the expanded size of the U.S. House demanded by the U.S. Constitution, in light of the benefits and cost savings of modern technology and the security risk of Congress operating from one location, therefore:

Section 1. No member of Congress shall have a private office or staff located in Washington D.C..

Section 2. All members of Congress shall serve a maximum of two terms of office.

Section 3. No district of the U.S. House of Representatives shall contain more than 50,000 people, as stipulated in the original First Amendment passed by Congress in 1789 and recently ratified by the State legislatures as the 28th Amendment.

Section 4. To remain properly accountable and accessible to the sovereigns People that (s)he represents, every member of the U.S. House of Representatives shall be provided with a single office located within his/her district, paid staff not exceeding two persons, reasonable office expenses, and the hardware, software, and encryption technology and services required to conduct the business of the U.S. House of Representatives, working from his/her own district.

Section 5. To remain properly accountable and accessible to the sovereign States that the U.S. Senate was originally designed to represent, every member of the U.S. Senate shall be provided with a single office located within close proximity to their State capitol, also with paid staff not to exceed six persons, reasonable office expenses, and the hardware, software, and encryption technology and services required to conduct the business of the U.S. Senate, working from his/her own State capitol pursuant to such time as the 17th Amendment shall be repealed.

Section 6. Public funds used by any member of Congress shall be limited to the member's salary – which shall in the case of a congressman, effective immediately, be 50% of present salary; office staff, space rent and expenses; self-operated vehicle lease payment, fuel and insurance; coach-class airfare for public business; and mail costs to communicate with his/her sovereigns. An annual audit of expenditures for each member of Congress and his/her staff and office operations shall be posted online on that member's public web page accessible to the public, no later than 60 days after the close of each congressional session.

Section 7. Beyond those listed in Section 6 above, any and all other publicly-funded expenditures inuring to the benefit of a member of Congress shall hereafter be considered illegal use of public funds, including but not limited to: pensions and insurance premiums (retroactive), foreign travel under the guise of legislative business, limousines or other special conveyances, spas, hairdressers, and club memberships.

26) (was #6) Enact the Lawful United States Money and Banking Act which will contain elements of, but be more comprehensive than H.R. 459, 833, 1094, 1095, 1098, 1496 and 2768 and S.B. 202, stipulating at least the following: **Go back to Gold & Silver - Banks must have 100% Reserved**

Section 1. *The American people have delegated the power to 'coin Money' only to Congress, and have delegated to Congress only the power to 'coin' Money.*

Section 2. *Congress lacks any authority to delegate or to fail, neglect, or refuse to exercise this power.*

Section 3. *The Legal Tender Act of 1862, the Federal Reserve Act of 1913, and all subsequent amendments of those acts, have been unconstitutional since their purported enactment.*

Section 4. *The special privileges now attaching to Federal Reserve Notes— that such notes shall be redeemed in lawful money by the United States Department of the Treasury, shall be receivable for all taxes and other public dues, and shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private—have since enactment been in violation of our Supreme Law.*

Section 5. *As remedies for these violations of the Constitution, Congress shall establish as an alternative to the Federal Reserve System and Federal Reserve Notes, a system of official money consisting solely of gold and silver, with silver coins to be valued in 'dollars' at the prevailing exchange rate between silver and gold in the free market.*

Section 6. This new, lawful U.S. money shall be produced through immediate free coinage of whatever gold and silver may be brought to the United States Mints; including sale of the existing national gold stocks, replaced by silver stock if the gold-silver ratio suggests silver as preferable for the initial coinage.

Section 7. Said reserves and coinage and/or fully-convertible paper or electronic receipts for physical gold and silver, shall be substituted for Federal Reserve Notes as rapidly as maintenance of stability throughout America's economy will permit, in all financial transactions of the general government.

Section 8. The Federal Reserve Act of 1913 (as amended) shall be further amended such that: a) after the effective date of such legislation, the Federal Reserve System shall have no official relationship to the general government, and b) Federal Reserve regional banks shall obtain new charters from the States consistent with the laws thereof or cease doing business as of the date on which the Secretary of the Treasury shall certify that all financial transactions of federal government are being conducted solely in gold and silver or fully-convertible paper or electronic receipts for physical gold and silver.

Section 9. The States have always enjoyed the right as sovereign governments and a duty pursuant to Article I, Section 10 of the Constitution to employ gold and silver coin or fully-convertible paper or electronic receipts for physical gold and silver, to the exclusion of any other currency as their medium of exchange in their sovereign functions. Neither Congress, nor the president, nor any court, nor any international or supra-national body, nor any private parties have any authority to require a State to employ anything other than gold and silver coin or fully-convertible paper or electronic receipts for physical gold and silver, for such purposes.

Section 10. The practice of fractional reserve banking is to be ended within 12 months of the passage of this legislation, and all American financial institutions shall be required to maintain in their vaults 100% reserves against loans made. Any financial institution accepting deposits in the normal course of business, that is unable to pay on demand all such deposits in gold and/or silver or fully-convertible paper or electronic receipts for physical gold and silver, the directors, officers, shareholders, partners, trustees, or other owners and managers of said institution shall be personally liable (their own personal assets subject to seizure) to satisfy unpaid deposit balances under the laws of the State in which the demand for payment of such balances is made.

Section 11. It shall be a federal felony for any person to enact or enforce any tax or financial burden on: a) any exchange of one form of United States money for another form of money thereof, notwithstanding that the nominal value of one form may be different than the nominal value of the other form involved in the transaction; or b) the movement of privately-owned United States money by any private citizen, to or from the United States to or from any other domicile that said private citizen may desire, provided said funds are not being demonstrably used in, or do not demonstrably result from, illegal activity.

Section 12. This legislation shall apply to Federal Reserve Notes, base-metallic and debased silver coinage, and all paper currencies of the United States until the date on which the Secretary of the Treasury shall certify that all federal financial transactions are being conducted solely in gold and silver or fully-convertible paper or electronic receipts for physical gold and silver, and thereafter only as Congress shall determine necessary.

27) (was #9) Repeal the 16th Amendment, and enact legislation stipulating: **(End the Income Tax)**

Section 1. Congress shall not tax wages or salaries of any American citizen, wherever domiciled, and shall levy no gift, estate, or consumption tax.

Section 2. Congress shall assure that federal employees obey the taxing statutes and regulations of the United States.

Section 3. Rulings of the United States Supreme Court relating to internal taxation shall take precedence over policies, pronouncements, or rulings of any State or federal taxing authority or quasi-court.

Section 4. This Act shall take effect within five (5) years of its passage, during which period the 16th Amendment shall be repealed via the process stipulated in Article V of the U.S. Constitution.

Section 5. As stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution, the several States retain the power to enforce this legislation by appropriate State legislation and duly authorized Citizen Militia enforcement within their respective jurisdictions.

**28) (was #3) Enact the Return of Sovereign Lands Act, stipulating: (Land returned to States)
(#4 of the 4 primary issues)**

Section 1. Upon acceptance as a sovereign State of these United States, all lands and resources within said State become the sovereign property of the American People living within said State, and the individual right to private property is no more sacred than the collective right of sovereign property for every sovereign government on earth. The federal government has no lawful authority or claim of sovereignty over – or claim to minerals or other natural resources in, on or under – any land on earth, except as stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 17 of the U.S. Constitution.

Section 2. No sale of any land or resource within any of the 48 contiguous, sovereign States shall be made by the U.S. government or any entity thereof on behalf of said government, effective immediately, except such surface land as stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 17 of the U.S. Constitution. (DC, federal bldgs., military installations ONLY)

Section 3. The United States government shall, within 24 months of the passage of this Act, relinquish all claims to, or jurisdiction in, all sovereign places other than those lands specifically stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 17 of the U.S. Constitution as being within the exclusive legislative domain of Congress.

Section 4. The federal government has no constitutional authority to **seize** private or State sovereign land, water, timber, oil, gas, minerals, or other natural resources in, on, or under such land in any State, for any reason, under any conditions.

Section 5. Other than purchases from the States for military installations, federal government has no constitutional authority to **accept** lands or resources via a State constitution or legislative act.

Section 6. As to purchases from the sovereign States for military installations, federal government has constitutional authority to purchase lands in a State only with “Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be”. Said consent of the State Legislature must be accompanied by a majority-vote approval of the People of that State via single-issue referendum or plebiscite.

Section 7. All present federally claimed, held, or controlled lands and any minerals, water, forests and timber, or any other resource within each sovereign State shall revert within 24 months to full control and ownership of the State in which it is located, to be managed and controlled as the People of that State shall determine. The costs of transferring control of formerly federally-claimed lands and natural resources shall be borne by the State in which said lands and resources are located.

Section 8. All federal land-use regulations, national forest and park acts, and like federal controls, restrictions, and prohibitions that deprive private owners of the full use and enjoyment of their private properties pursuant to the laws of the several States, shall be repealed within 12 months of passage of this Act.

Section 9. As reparations for the past federal use and control of sovereign State lands, all federal government improvements, fixtures, facilities, equipment, vehicles and other appurtenances located within each sovereign State (except on military installations) shall become the property of that State, effective immediately. The legal transfer of all said public property located within each State shall be administered by the government of that State, and shall include executive, legislative and judicial branches and Citizen Militia as applicable.

Section 10. Congress shall provide to the sovereign People of the United States, within 12 months of passage of this Act, its detailed plan to relinquish control of all foreign military bases and to cease funding for, and operations of, all foreign land-based military and civil government operations, transferring foreign civil governance to the governments or people of those sovereign lands, within 36 months of the passage of this Act.

Section 11. Irrespective of any local independence movements within sovereign foreign lands (outside the contiguous 48 states of these United States), all non-contiguous, foreign, and/or 'U.S. possession' claims including Alaska and Hawaii shall revert to the full, unfettered control of the peoples of those sovereign lands at their own expense and with no additional expense borne by American citizens after 24 months from the passage of this Act.

Section 12. The transition of government – records, property, fixtures, and all other appurtenances of governance – shall be completed as to Alaska and Hawaii within 60 months from the passage of this Act.

29) (see 9 & 12, was #2) Add even more to the **Constitutional Courts Act**, stipulating:
(#2d of the 4 primary issues)

Section 1. The American People stipulated in Article III, Section 2, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution, that the U.S. supreme Court, "shall have appellate jurisdiction...with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make". Congress hereby excludes from federal court jurisdiction any and all cases involving:

f. Claims of United States control, possession, or jurisdiction over any land outside of that granted by We the People (the sovereign People and States) as stipulated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 17 of the U.S. Constitution. (Washington D.C.)

30) (was #21) Enact the ***Intelligent Republic Act***, a reform law based very loosely on the [Smart Nation Act](#), sponsored by Congressman [Rob Simmons](#) (R-CT). This Act shall provide for orderly dismantling and defunding of all **secret** intelligence operations by federal government, transitioning to something roughly resembling the 'Open Source Intelligence' initially proposed by author, speaker and former CIA officer Robert David Steele, but with revisions.

THIS MUST BE REVIEWED - IN DETAIL

While **secret** agencies unaccountable to the American people are unconstitutional and have had increasingly destructive impact on American security and liberty, it is equally unconstitutional for state or federal government to create foreign operating agencies, fund private offshore contractors, or create alliances with foreign countries, whether for intelligence or supposed 'defense'. Such corrupt traditions usurp the duty and authority of Congress and the Citizen Militia as stipulated in the U.S. Constitution.

Despite Mr. Steele's laudable intentions for one-world government, the lessons of history and the express stipulations of the U.S. Constitution preclude such plans. Not all systems of beliefs and of law are equal; in these United States, the Constitution is the last word on any government plan.

The Constitution (in Art-I, Sect-2, Clause-15) stipulates that Congress can call forth the Citizen Militia ~~shall~~ to "execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections, and repel Invasions". But, it does not say the Militia EXCLUSIVELY.

Clause-12 says: Congress shall: "raise and support armies", Clause-13 says: "provide and maintain a Navy" and, Clause-14 says Congress shall "make the Rules for land and naval forces."

Further, Clause-16 says: The Congress shall: "Provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress."

This implies that the Militia is also used for service to the States, in which case it is NOT governed by the USA (but by the States respectively), that the States alone shall appoint the Officers and train the Militia - as Congress prescribes..

Thus, all networks, cells, and offices for intelligence in this republic must operate under a local aegis of the Citizen Militia (In view of the above, I question this logic); ultimately the duty and authority of the American People themselves. Each unit of Citizen Militia, according to the Constitution, is to follow "the discipline prescribed by Congress", with officers appointed by and training/equipment/logistics supplied by its State legislature.

Other things to consider:

Define: *General Welfare, Interstate Commerce, Necessary and Proper, Common Defense*

Define: *Natural-Born-Citizen*

We The People reserve the right to revise and extend the list of federal government arrogations, violations, and usurpations brought to our attention for remediation by AmericaAgain! members via our State courts and through reform legislation.

Notwithstanding the long tradition of congressional corruption and arrogation warned against by James Madison, the numerous retained powers of We The People includes our power to allow *no implication beyond those powers specifically enumerated* to our federal servant – for our benefit, not theirs. As members of AmericaAgain!, we resolve to enforce the Law of the Land under the Tenth Amendment, in which the People and States retain all powers not specifically enumerated to federal government.

For many generations, Washington D.C. has arrogated to itself powers nowhere granted to federal government by the sovereign People or States. We The People shall now put the shoe on the other foot, exercising our almost limitless retained powers as clearly stipulated in Amendment X, but only to enforce the U.S. Constitution and its limitations on our federal servants. We intend to thus tighten the chains of the Constitution via the AmericaAgain! Indictment Engine™ and the criminal courts of our States to criminally indict and prosecute members of Congress and State legislatures whose violation of the supreme law and our liberty are found to coincide with felonies in their State criminal statutes.

We shall bring our corrupt members of Congress home from building their personal estates, from doing the bidding of powerful individuals behind the scenes – to now work under our watchful eyes in their own home districts which shall now be far smaller, thus more difficult for powerful interests to corrupt.

Violations of State statutes are exclusive original and appellate jurisdiction of the Courts of the State in which the parties reside. No State being a party to these actions, nothing in the Constitution or federal law can be construed to allow federal courts to steal jurisdiction and free such perpetrators.

AmericaAgain! will seek to rekindle the Militias of the Several States, for we share the founders' concerns about government disarming the People. It is the duty of all citizens to be armed and trained to fulfill the Citizen Militia functions in Article I, Section 8, Clause 15 of the U.S. Constitution. Per Clause 16, it is the duty of the States to provide officers and training for Citizen Militias, yet no State legislature has yet fully performed such duty. Until the State legislatures do so, it is the People's express and retained power as well as our God-given right, to defend ourselves.

We seek to be better stewards of the natural resources that God has entrusted to us – rather than allowing our government in our name, to help corporations plunder resources of foreign countries.

We seek no theocracy; only to state for the record that America was founded a Christian – not Atheist, Jewish, Muslim, Hindu, Buddhist, Catholic or Mormon – commonwealth. Not all beliefs on earth have produced equally efficacious or humane law, economics, or social practices. Although some Founding Fathers were not orthodox Christians, the vast majority were. A survey of America's original colonial documents of government, law, economics, and social life demonstrates that America is founded on Christianity and no other belief system.

Because the universe was created and is sustained by and for Jesus Christ, it stands to reason that all man-made systems will function most efficaciously when designed for the glory of God and administered according to His general and special revelation.

We refuse to operate in any unlawful, seditious, riotous, rebellious, paranoid, or terroristic manner. We also refuse to allow this tactical mission of We the People to be co-opted, overseen, or infested by politicians, lobbyists, or operatives from any government or political party, foreign or domestic.

We will organize and operate locally as free citizens in the privacy of our homes, businesses, and churches – or in public parks and any venue that suits us as owners and residents of such places – expecting to have no government oversight, infiltration, or coercion as is common to tyrant regimes.

Should our member of Congress or State legislator refuse to cease violating the law; should he prevaricate and bloviate as politicians often do, or conspire anew with like-minded scoundrels and moneyed oligarchs who purchased his first allegiance – we will seek his criminal conviction in State Court; the longest possible State Penitentiary term; and as actual and punitive damages for massive fraud and conspiracy, we will seek to have our State Court seize all assets held under any structure whatsoever, in any jurisdiction whatsoever, inuring to his benefit or that of his family or descendants.

To any State grand jury, prosecutor, district attorney, judge, constable, sheriff or other State public servant who refuses (whether by complicity, timidity, or coercion) to oversee justice as his oath of office demands, We The People will see to it that you are replaced as quickly as can be achieved by law.

No defendant in Congress can plead ignorance of the U.S. Constitution or ignorance of federal laws over which he is responsible – even those for which he voted without reading. Ignorance is no defense for public servants who swear an oath to support the U.S. Constitution, only to violate it daily.

We the People will offer immunity from indictment to a member of Congress only if that defendant, in writing with notarized witnesses from among our AmericaAgain! membership, agrees to:

- a) Withdraw support for or cease acquiescence in the crime(s) for which we seek his indictment;
- b) Sponsor or co-sponsor legislation outlined above, drafted by citizens; and
- c) Refrain from proposing or supporting any amendment thereto.

AmericaAgain! is an effort conceived by free, productive citizens of these sovereign States of America who believe that by God's grace, a diligent minority can restore liberty, property, rule of law, and the sovereignty of We The People that we guaranteed ourselves in the U.S. Constitution.

Each member of Congress leaves a public record in history. Their response to their sovereigns now enforcing the Constitution will demonstrate their repentant fidelity or their ignominious corruption.

We give thanks to God in the name of Jesus Christ His Son, and ask His blessing on this formerly godly republic, that we may be AmericaAgain!

We The People of the fifty United States of America National Day of Thanksgiving Original November 22, 2012

(Revision RDA-2 - June 9, 2017)